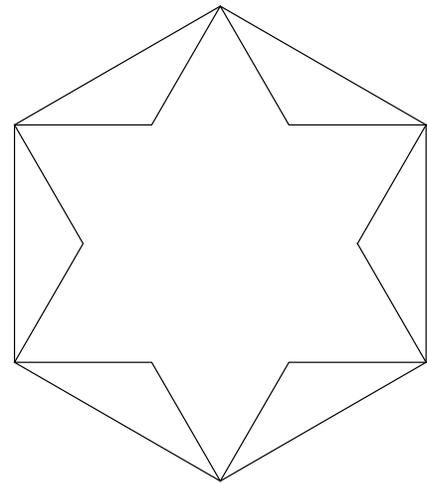




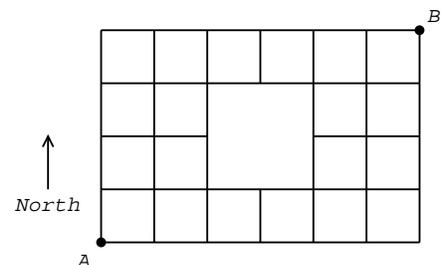
6. David tosses a fair coin until it comes up heads and records the number of tosses it takes him. Lacking a coin, Emmy takes a fair six-sided die, labels two sides “heads” and the other four sides “tails,” and then tosses the die until it comes up heads. What is the probability that David’s number of coin tosses equals Emmy’s number of die rolls?  
 (A)  $1/2$       (B)  $1/4$       (C)  $2/9$       (D)  $1/5$       (E)  $3/11$
7. A beaker is full of an  $r\%$  alcohol solution. An identical beaker is  $1/3$  full of an  $s\%$  alcohol solution. Two thirds of the full beaker is poured into the  $1/3$ -full beaker and the resulting solution is mixed thoroughly. How many more times must this pouring-and-mixing procedure be repeated so that the difference between the concentrations in the two beakers is less than  $0.002|r - s|$ ?  
 (A) 2      (B) 3  
 (C) 5      (D) 8  
 (E) None of these is the correct answer.

8. Let  $S$  be a regular six-pointed star, all of whose acute vertex angles are  $60$  degrees. Let  $H$  be a regular hexagon whose vertices are the six outermost vertices of the star  $S$ . What is the ratio of the area of  $H$  to the area of  $S$ ?



- (A) 2 to 1      (B) 4 to 3      (C)  $\sqrt{3}$  to 1  
 (D) 3 to 2      (E) None of these

9. Mingus catches some fish. He gives the three largest fish to his dog, thus reducing the total weight of his catch by  $35\%$ . He then gives the three smallest fish to his cat, reducing the remaining total weight by  $5/13$ . He ate the remaining fish for dinner. How many fish did Mingus catch?  
 (A) 8      (B) 9      (C) 10      (D) 11      (E) 12
10. How many positive integers less than  $99$  have exactly  $2$  ones in their binary expansions?  
 (A) 7      (B) 15      (C) 21      (D) 27      (E) 45
11. An Uber must travel from A to B on the map in the figure. If it never travels south or west, how many different routes can it take?  
 In the correct answer, the ones digit is . . .



- (A) 0      (B) 1      (C) 2      (D) 4      (E) 8

12. Let  $ABEF$  be a rectangle.  $C$  is a point on edge  $BE$ .  $D$  is a point on edge  $AF$ .  $ABCD$  is a square. Suppose that side  $CE$  has length 2. If the area of rectangle  $ABEF$  is 5, how long is side  $AB$ ?

(A)  $\sqrt{6} - 1$  (B) 3 (C)  $\frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2}$

(D)  $\frac{5}{2}$  (E) none of these

13. Two common statistics used to analyze data are the mean and the standard deviation. As you know, the mean is an indication of the "center" of the data. The standard deviation is an indication of the average distance of the data points from the mean.

Professor Jones just analyzed a stack of test grades. He found that the mean of the grades was 82.1 and that the standard deviation was 4.8. Then he noticed that there was one test on the floor that he forgot to include in his computations. The missing test had a grade of 80. How will adding this affect the computed statistics?

- (A) it will raise the mean but lower the standard deviation  
 (B) it will lower the mean but increase the standard deviation  
 (C) it will increase both the mean and the standard deviation  
 (D) it will decrease both the mean and the standard deviation  
 (E) it will decrease the mean but leave the standard deviation the same

14. Suppose  $A$  and  $B$  are sets of integers such that every element of set  $A$  is divisible by 2 and such that at least one element of set  $B$  is divisible by 3. Which of these statements must be true?

- (A) Every element of  $A \cap B$  is divisible by 3.  
 (B) Some element of  $A \cap B$  is divisible by 6.  
 (C) Every element of  $A \cup B$  is divisible by 3.  
 (D) Some element of  $A \cup B$  is divisible by 6.  
 (E) None of the above.

15. If you toss a fair coin 7 times, what is the probability that no heads ever occur after a tail?

(A)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (B)  $\frac{1}{16}$  (C)  $\frac{3}{64}$

(D)  $\frac{7}{128}$  (E) none of these

16. What are the possible real values for  $a$  if

$$\begin{cases} a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3^2 \\ a^3b^3 + a^3c^3 + b^3c^3 = -3 \\ a^3b^3c^3 = -3^3 \end{cases}$$

- (A)  $a \in \{0, 1, 3\}$  (B)  $a \in \{\sqrt[6]{3}, -\sqrt[6]{3}, \sqrt[3]{9}\}$   
 (C)  $a \in \{3, -3, 0\}$  (D) There are no real solutions

- (E) None of these

17. The data below can be modeled by a linear equation.

$x$	-2	-1	1	2
$y$	2.1	2.6	3.6	4.1

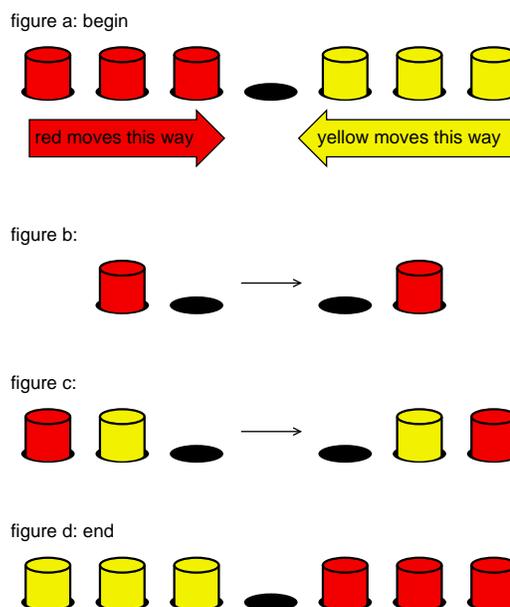
Find the value of  $x$  when  $y = 5.4$ .

- (A) 4.6                      (B) 3.37                      (C) 0.8  
(D) -5.4                      (E) none of these
18. Let  $p(x)$  be a degree 7 polynomial, all of whose coefficients are integers. If  $p(2) = 0$  and  $p(3) = 0$ , what can we say about  $p(5)$ ?
- (A) It's equal to 0  
(B) It's divisible by 6  
(C) It's greater than 0  
(D) It's odd  
(E) There isn't enough information to say anything about  $p(5)$
19. Find the area of the parallelogram with vertices  $(1, 2)$ ,  $(2, 5)$ ,  $(-2, 7)$ , and  $(-3, 4)$ .
- (A) 7                      (B) 10                      (C) 14                      (D) 24                      (E) 28
20. For  $n \geq 2$ , let  $a_n = 6a_{n-1} - 9a_{n-2}$  and let  $a_0 = \frac{1}{2020}$  and  $a_1 = \frac{1}{2021}$ . For  $n \geq 1$ , define  $b_n = \frac{a_n}{3^n} - \frac{a_{n-1}}{3^{n-1}}$ . What can we say about  $b_n$ ?
- (A)  $b_n = 3b_{n-1}$                       (B)  $b_n = -3b_{n-1}$   
(C)  $b_n = b_{n-1}$                       (D)  $b_n = 0$   
(E) None of the others must be true

21. A game begins with 3 red and 3 yellow pegs placed in 7 holes as shown in figure a.

Pegs may move forward only. The forward direction for red pegs is right; the forward direction for yellow is left.

Two types of moves are permitted: a peg can move one step forward into an empty hole, or jump a peg of the opposing color into an empty hole on the other side (illustrated with red moving in figures b and c). The object of the game is to move pegs, not necessarily alternating between the two colors, until all the yellow pegs are on the left and all the red on the right, as in figure d. In order to achieve this, if red moves first, what colors must move 4th and 5th?



- (A) red 4th and 5th.  
 (B) red 4th, yellow 5th  
 (C) yellow 4th, red 5th  
 (D) yellow 4th and 5th.  
 (E) There is more than one possible answer.
22. A ray of light originates at  $(-3, 4)$  in the  $x$ - $y$  plane, reflects off of line  $\ell$  at  $(0, 0)$  and ends up at  $(24, 7)$ . What is the equation of  $\ell$ ?
- (A)  $y = -2x$                       (B)  $y = -x$                       (C)  $y = -x\sqrt{2}$   
 (D)  $3y = -x$                       (E) None of these
23. One side of a six-sided die is labeled 1. An adjacent side is labeled 2. If we start at the 1 and travel from one adjacent side to another, ending up at the 2, visiting each of the six sides exactly once, in how many different orders could we visit the sides of the die?
- (A) 6                                      (B) 8                                      (C) 9  
 (D) 12                                      (E) None of these
24. Starting at the point  $(1, 0)$ , a bug takes a step of length 1 in the positive  $y$  direction, then it rotates  $90^\circ$  to the left and takes a step of length 2, then it rotates  $90^\circ$  left and takes a step of size 3, etc. After the bug has taken 2020 steps, where is it?
- (A)  $(2020, 2020)$                       (B)  $(1011, -1010)$                       (C)  $(505, 505)$   
 (D)  $(2019, -2020)$                       (E) None of these
25. "Sonny is 7 years older than Max, but in 5 years, Max will be exactly half Sonny's age." Which of these equations models this problem?
- (A)  $x + 7 = 2(x + 5)$                       (B)  $\frac{1}{2}(x + 12) = (x + 5)$                       (C)  $x + 5 = 2(x + 7)$   
 (D)  $x + 7 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 5)$                       (E)  $\frac{1}{2}(x + 7) = (x + 5)$

## 2021 Answers / Level 1 Test

1. A
2. B
3. A
4. D
5. B
6. B
7. C
8. D
9. C

10. C
11. A
12. A
13. D
14. E
15. B
16. B
17. A
18. B

19. C
20. C
21. A
22. D
23. B
24. B
25. B